

# Chlorido[tris(3-fluorophenyl)phosphine]-gold(I)

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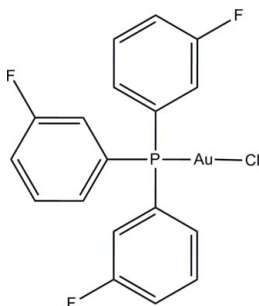
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.008$  Å; disorder in main residue;  $R$  factor = 0.025;  $wR$  factor = 0.084; data-to-parameter ratio = 24.9.

In the title gold complex,  $[\text{AuCl}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_3\text{P})]$ , the P—Au—Cl unit is nearly linear, with an angle of  $178.13(5)^\circ$ . The three phosphine-substituted benzene rings make dihedral angles of  $77.7(3)$ ,  $84.4(3)$  and  $77.4(3)^\circ$  with each other. Two of the three F atoms are disordered over two positions, with refined site occupancies of 0.591(11):0.409(11) and 0.730(12):0.270(12). In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ Cl and C—H $\cdots$ F hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For general background to gold complex derivatives, see: Tiekink (2002); Dyadchenko (1982); Baenziger *et al.* (1976); Chen & Tiekink (2003). For the synthesis, see: Francis (1901). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



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## Experimental

### Crystal data

$[\text{AuCl}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{12}\text{F}_3\text{P})]$   
 $M_r = 548.66$   
 Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$   
 $a = 10.4028(8)$  Å  
 $b = 12.3281(11)$  Å  
 $c = 13.2214(10)$  Å  
 $V = 1695.6(2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 8.95$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 $0.50 \times 0.13 \times 0.08$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.094$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.520$   
 14491 measured reflections  
 5912 independent reflections  
 5263 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.084$   
 $S = 1.06$   
 5912 reflections  
 237 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.87$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983),  
 2522 Friedel pairs  
 Flack parameter: 0.010(8)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H $\cdots$ A	D—H	H $\cdots$ A	D $\cdots$ A	D—H $\cdots$ A
C4—H4A $\cdots$ Cl1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.81	3.663(6)	153
C5—H5A $\cdots$ Cl1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.83	3.558(7)	136
C10—H10A $\cdots$ F1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.41	3.046(8)	126

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x - \frac{1}{2}, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2329).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, m1217-m1218 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810034896 ]

## Chlorido[tris(3-fluorophenyl)phosphine]gold(I)

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### Comment

Gold complexes are well known for their medicinal (Tiekink, 2002) and catalytic activities (Dyadchenko, 1982). Phosphinegold(I) forms an important class of compounds of gold (Baenziger *et al.*, 1976). Chloro[tris(perfluorophenyl)phosphine]gold(I) is a known complex which is conveniently prepared and characterized (Chen & Tiekink, 2003). Keeping in mind the importance of the phosphine gold complexes, we have prepared the title complex and reported the crystal structure of the title complex.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the P1–Au1–Cl1 is linear with an angle of 178.13 (5)°. The three phosphine substituted benzene rings (C1–C6, C7–C12 and C13–C18) make dihedral angles of 77.7 (3), 84.4 (3) and 77.4 (3)° with each other (C1–C6/C7–C12, C1–C6/C13–C18 and C7–C12/C13–C18). In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by intermolecular C4—H4A···Cl1, C5—H5A···Cl1 and C10—H10A···F1 hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2, Table 1).

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared from the reaction between Me<sub>2</sub>SAuCl (Francis, 1901) and (*m*-FC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>P (Maybridge) in a 1:1 molar ratio in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at room temperature. Solution was stirred for two hours, solvent was removed under vacuum, and white crystalline solid was obtained. The colorless crystals were obtained in 90% yield from the concentrated solution of the compound (m.p. 193 °C, decomposition) in ethanol kept for few days at room temperature.

### Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model. Two out of the three fluorine atoms were disordered over two positions with refined site occupancies of 0.591 (11)/409 (11) and 0.730 (12)/0.270 (12). The maximum and minimum residual electron density peaks of 1.25 and -0.87 e Å<sup>-3</sup>, respectively, were located 0.79 and 0.65 Å from the Au1 atom.

### Figures

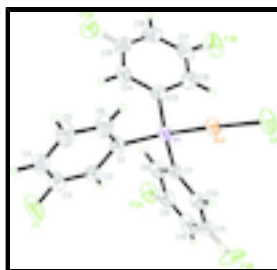


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with 50% probability ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

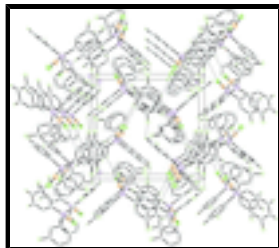


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed down the *a* axis, showing the molecules linked into a 3-D network. Hydrogen atoms that not involved in the hydrogen-bonding (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

## Chlorido[tris(3-fluorophenyl)phosphine]gold(I)

### Crystal data

[AuCl(C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>P)]

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 548.66

Orthorhombic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>2<sub>1</sub>

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

*a* = 10.4028 (8) Å

*b* = 12.3281 (11) Å

*c* = 13.2214 (10) Å

*V* = 1695.6 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 4

*F*(000) = 1032

*D<sub>x</sub>* = 2.149 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo *K*α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 7065 reflections

θ = 3.0–34.8°

μ = 8.95 mm<sup>-1</sup>

*T* = 100 K

Block, colourless

0.50 × 0.13 × 0.08 mm

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.094, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 0.520

14491 measured reflections

5912 independent reflections

5263 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.031

θ<sub>max</sub> = 32.5°, θ<sub>min</sub> = 2.3°

*h* = -15→15

*k* = -18→18

*l* = -19→19

### Refinement

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>

Least-squares matrix: full

*R* [*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.025

*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.084

*S* = 1.06

5912 reflections

237 parameters

0 restraints

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

*w* = 1/[σ<sup>2</sup>(*F<sub>o</sub>*<sup>2</sup>) + (0.0362*P*)<sup>2</sup>]

where *P* = (*F<sub>o</sub>*<sup>2</sup> + 2*F<sub>c</sub>*<sup>2</sup>)/3

(Δσ)<sub>max</sub> < 0.001

Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 1.25 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.87 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 2522 Friedel pairs

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Flack parameter: 0.010 (8)

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Au1	-0.172736 (12)	0.064703 (12)	0.248330 (12)	0.02814 (5)	
Cl1	-0.37503 (10)	0.00469 (13)	0.21314 (9)	0.0430 (3)	
P1	0.02323 (11)	0.12844 (9)	0.28033 (8)	0.02683 (19)	
F1	0.1479 (5)	0.4535 (3)	0.5012 (3)	0.0647 (11)	
F2A	0.3891 (5)	0.3156 (6)	0.0912 (4)	0.0506 (19)	0.591 (11)
F3A	0.3834 (5)	-0.0758 (4)	0.4689 (4)	0.0577 (17)	0.730 (12)
F2B	-0.0532 (9)	0.3838 (8)	-0.0232 (7)	0.057 (3)	0.409 (11)
F3B	0.2739 (12)	-0.1835 (13)	0.1292 (11)	0.058 (5)	0.270 (12)
C1	0.0268 (5)	0.2072 (4)	0.3955 (3)	0.0314 (8)	
C2	0.0940 (5)	0.3051 (4)	0.4037 (4)	0.0339 (9)	
H2A	0.1430	0.3313	0.3502	0.041*	
C3	0.0859 (6)	0.3613 (5)	0.4928 (4)	0.0415 (11)	
C4	0.0171 (5)	0.3264 (5)	0.5753 (4)	0.0403 (11)	
H4A	0.0139	0.3670	0.6345	0.048*	
C5	-0.0473 (7)	0.2285 (6)	0.5669 (4)	0.0503 (14)	
H5A	-0.0916	0.2009	0.6222	0.060*	
C6	-0.0460 (5)	0.1720 (6)	0.4773 (4)	0.0423 (12)	
H6A	-0.0948	0.1091	0.4713	0.051*	
C7	0.0838 (4)	0.2165 (4)	0.1821 (3)	0.0292 (8)	
C8	0.2166 (5)	0.2331 (4)	0.1705 (4)	0.0369 (10)	
H8A	0.2759	0.1980	0.2118	0.044*	
C9	0.2563 (5)	0.3051 (5)	0.0936 (4)	0.0412 (11)	
H9A	0.3436	0.3195	0.0863	0.049*	0.409 (11)
C10	0.1742 (7)	0.3530 (5)	0.0314 (4)	0.0493 (15)	
H10A	0.2039	0.3980	-0.0199	0.059*	
C11	0.0419 (6)	0.3350 (4)	0.0439 (4)	0.0398 (11)	
H11A	-0.0164	0.3693	0.0012	0.048*	0.591 (11)
C12	-0.0014 (4)	0.2683 (4)	0.1172 (4)	0.0362 (10)	
H12A	-0.0893	0.2569	0.1244	0.043*	

## supplementary materials

C13	0.1464 (4)	0.0259 (4)	0.2926 (3)	0.0308 (8)	
C14	0.2201 (5)	0.0134 (4)	0.3816 (4)	0.0360 (10)	
H14A	0.2075	0.0577	0.4377	0.043*	
C15	0.3122 (5)	-0.0682 (5)	0.3812 (4)	0.0434 (12)	
H15A	0.3621	-0.0769	0.4390	0.052*	0.270 (12)
C16	0.3342 (5)	-0.1358 (5)	0.3023 (5)	0.0448 (12)	
H16A	0.3983	-0.1883	0.3057	0.054*	
C17	0.2581 (5)	-0.1250 (5)	0.2156 (5)	0.0428 (11)	
H17A	0.2706	-0.1714	0.1610	0.051*	0.730 (12)
C18	0.1647 (5)	-0.0455 (5)	0.2107 (4)	0.0377 (10)	
H18A	0.1138	-0.0392	0.1532	0.045*	

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Au1	0.02793 (7)	0.02848 (8)	0.02799 (7)	-0.00558 (5)	0.00235 (8)	-0.00385 (9)
Cl1	0.0336 (5)	0.0533 (7)	0.0421 (5)	-0.0160 (5)	0.0050 (4)	-0.0161 (6)
P1	0.0275 (4)	0.0269 (5)	0.0262 (4)	-0.0036 (4)	0.0003 (4)	-0.0018 (4)
F1	0.091 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.0557 (19)	-0.034 (2)	0.014 (2)	-0.0163 (18)
F2A	0.048 (3)	0.053 (4)	0.051 (3)	-0.020 (3)	0.014 (2)	-0.004 (3)
F3A	0.067 (4)	0.045 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.003 (2)	-0.026 (3)	0.004 (2)
F2B	0.062 (6)	0.058 (6)	0.050 (5)	0.017 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.036 (4)
F3B	0.050 (7)	0.061 (9)	0.064 (8)	0.020 (6)	-0.001 (6)	-0.043 (8)
C1	0.0306 (17)	0.034 (2)	0.0297 (18)	0.0007 (19)	-0.0011 (16)	-0.0077 (17)
C2	0.044 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.0308 (19)	-0.004 (2)	0.0000 (17)	0.0008 (19)
C3	0.049 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.040 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C4	0.045 (2)	0.042 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.0003 (19)	-0.010 (2)
C5	0.055 (3)	0.062 (4)	0.034 (2)	-0.005 (3)	0.006 (2)	-0.010 (3)
C6	0.042 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.032 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.0030 (19)	-0.002 (2)
C7	0.0319 (18)	0.030 (2)	0.0260 (17)	-0.0060 (16)	0.0048 (14)	-0.0041 (16)
C8	0.034 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.009 (2)	0.0085 (18)	-0.002 (2)
C9	0.046 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.014 (2)	0.0097 (19)	-0.005 (2)
C10	0.067 (4)	0.044 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.025 (3)	0.020 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C11	0.057 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.033 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.0019 (19)
C12	0.039 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.037 (2)	-0.0033 (19)	0.0061 (17)	-0.002 (2)
C13	0.0290 (17)	0.030 (2)	0.0330 (19)	-0.0024 (16)	0.0018 (15)	0.0014 (17)
C14	0.037 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.0041 (19)	-0.0041 (18)	-0.003 (2)
C15	0.037 (2)	0.045 (3)	0.048 (3)	-0.005 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.011 (2)
C16	0.034 (2)	0.036 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.009 (3)
C17	0.040 (2)	0.039 (3)	0.050 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.013 (2)
C18	0.036 (2)	0.043 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.0001 (17)	0.001 (2)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Au1—P1	2.2254 (11)	C7—C8	1.405 (6)
Au1—Cl1	2.2787 (11)	C8—C9	1.412 (7)
P1—C1	1.806 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9300
P1—C7	1.807 (5)	C9—C10	1.324 (9)
P1—C13	1.807 (5)	C9—H9A	0.9300

F1—C3	1.312 (7)	C10—C11	1.404 (9)
F2A—C9	1.387 (8)	C10—H10A	0.9300
F3A—C15	1.379 (7)	C11—C12	1.348 (7)
F2B—C11	1.458 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9300
F3B—C17	1.360 (12)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.390 (7)	C13—C18	1.409 (7)
C1—C2	1.399 (7)	C13—C14	1.413 (7)
C2—C3	1.369 (7)	C14—C15	1.389 (8)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.373 (8)	C15—C16	1.355 (9)
C4—C5	1.385 (9)	C15—H15A	0.9300
C4—H4A	0.9300	C16—C17	1.399 (9)
C5—C6	1.375 (8)	C16—H16A	0.9300
C5—H5A	0.9300	C17—C18	1.381 (8)
C6—H6A	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9300
C7—C12	1.390 (7)	C18—H18A	0.9300
P1—Au1—C11	178.13 (5)	C8—C9—H9A	118.7
C1—P1—C7	106.0 (2)	C9—C10—C11	119.3 (5)
C1—P1—C13	106.6 (2)	C9—C10—H10A	120.3
C7—P1—C13	103.7 (2)	C11—C10—H10A	120.3
C1—P1—Au1	111.66 (16)	C12—C11—C10	120.5 (6)
C7—P1—Au1	113.28 (15)	C12—C11—F2B	117.5 (6)
C13—P1—Au1	114.81 (15)	C10—C11—F2B	121.9 (6)
C6—C1—C2	118.8 (5)	C12—C11—H11A	119.7
C6—C1—P1	118.4 (4)	C10—C11—H11A	119.7
C2—C1—P1	122.7 (4)	C11—C12—C7	120.7 (5)
C3—C2—C1	118.2 (5)	C11—C12—H12A	119.6
C3—C2—H2A	120.9	C7—C12—H12A	119.6
C1—C2—H2A	120.9	C18—C13—C14	119.9 (4)
F1—C3—C2	118.7 (5)	C18—C13—P1	117.7 (3)
F1—C3—C4	117.4 (5)	C14—C13—P1	122.4 (4)
C2—C3—C4	123.9 (5)	C15—C14—C13	116.8 (5)
C3—C4—C5	117.4 (5)	C15—C14—H14A	121.6
C3—C4—H4A	121.3	C13—C14—H14A	121.6
C5—C4—H4A	121.3	C16—C15—F3A	121.0 (5)
C6—C5—C4	120.5 (6)	C16—C15—C14	124.4 (5)
C6—C5—H5A	119.8	F3A—C15—C14	114.7 (6)
C4—C5—H5A	119.8	C16—C15—H15A	117.8
C5—C6—C1	121.1 (6)	C14—C15—H15A	117.8
C5—C6—H6A	119.4	C15—C16—C17	118.5 (5)
C1—C6—H6A	119.4	C15—C16—H16A	120.8
C12—C7—C8	119.6 (4)	C17—C16—H16A	120.8
C12—C7—P1	119.8 (3)	F3B—C17—C18	114.9 (8)
C8—C7—P1	120.6 (4)	F3B—C17—C16	124.7 (8)
C7—C8—C9	117.2 (5)	C18—C17—C16	120.3 (5)
C7—C8—H8A	121.4	C18—C17—H17A	119.9
C9—C8—H8A	121.4	C16—C17—H17A	119.9
C10—C9—F2A	125.9 (6)	C17—C18—C13	120.1 (5)
C10—C9—C8	122.6 (5)	C17—C18—H18A	119.9



## supplementary materials

F2A—C9—C8	111.5 (6)	C13—C18—H18A	119.9
C10—C9—H9A	118.7		
C7—P1—C1—C6	162.5 (4)	F2A—C9—C10—C11	-179.5 (6)
C13—P1—C1—C6	-87.4 (5)	C8—C9—C10—C11	2.2 (9)
Au1—P1—C1—C6	38.7 (5)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.1 (9)
C7—P1—C1—C2	-13.8 (5)	C9—C10—C11—F2B	-178.9 (7)
C13—P1—C1—C2	96.2 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.3 (8)
Au1—P1—C1—C2	-137.6 (4)	F2B—C11—C12—C7	178.2 (6)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (8)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.6 (8)
P1—C1—C2—C3	177.0 (4)	P1—C7—C12—C11	179.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—F1	-179.6 (5)	C1—P1—C13—C18	-178.8 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (9)	C7—P1—C13—C18	-67.1 (4)
F1—C3—C4—C5	-179.3 (6)	Au1—P1—C13—C18	57.0 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.0 (9)	C1—P1—C13—C14	3.4 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-2.9 (10)	C7—P1—C13—C14	115.1 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	4.6 (10)	Au1—P1—C13—C14	-120.8 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-3.5 (9)	C18—C13—C14—C15	2.6 (7)
P1—C1—C6—C5	-180.0 (5)	P1—C13—C14—C15	-179.7 (4)
C1—P1—C7—C12	-100.3 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.6 (8)
C13—P1—C7—C12	147.6 (4)	C13—C14—C15—F3A	178.7 (5)
Au1—P1—C7—C12	22.4 (4)	F3A—C15—C16—C17	179.5 (5)
C1—P1—C7—C8	79.8 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-1.2 (8)
C13—P1—C7—C8	-32.3 (5)	C15—C16—C17—F3B	176.5 (10)
Au1—P1—C7—C8	-157.4 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C18	1.2 (8)
C12—C7—C8—C9	1.6 (7)	F3B—C17—C18—C13	-175.0 (9)
P1—C7—C8—C9	-178.5 (4)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.8 (8)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-2.5 (8)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-2.7 (7)
C7—C8—C9—F2A	179.0 (5)	P1—C13—C18—C17	179.5 (4)

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4A $\cdots$ C11 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.81	3.663 (6)	153
C5—H5A $\cdots$ C11 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.83	3.558 (7)	136
C10—H10A $\cdots$ F1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.41	3.046 (8)	126

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x-1/2, -y, z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1/2, -y+1, z-1/2$ .

Fig. 1

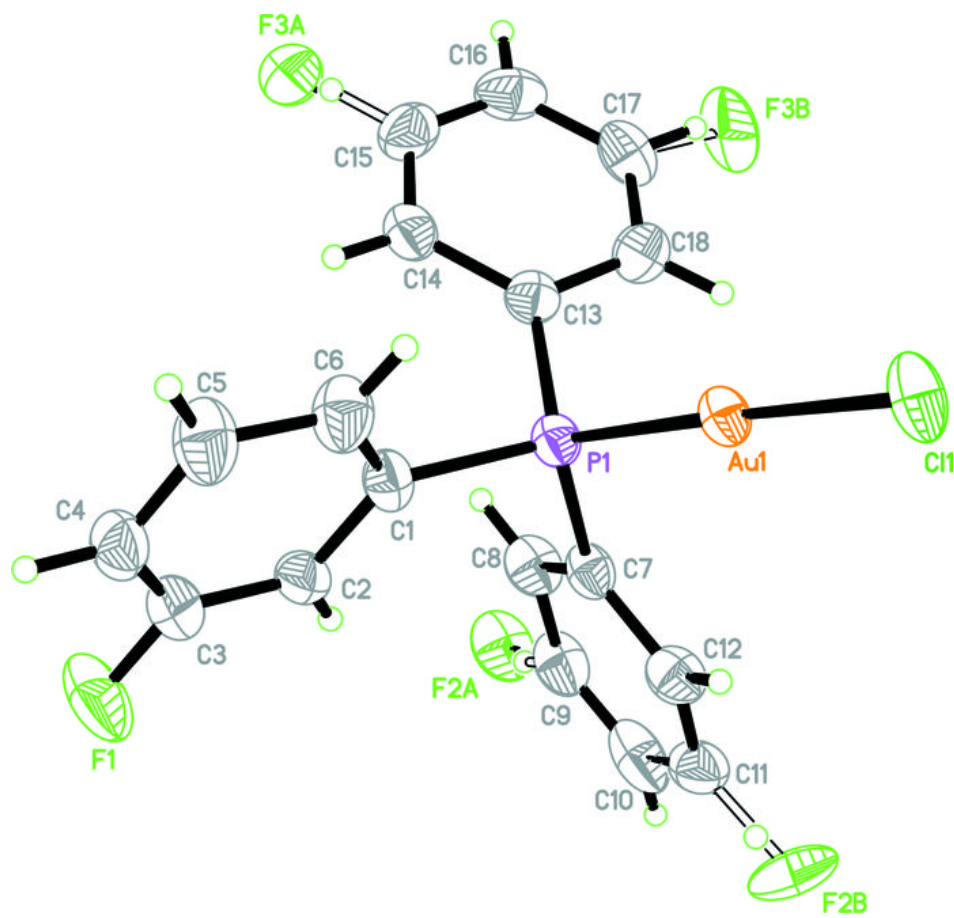


Fig. 2

